#### **CHILDREN'S MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES**

The Children's Mental Health subcommittee developed a list of children's mental health services that should be available to children with mental health challenges and their families in Iowa. The list of services was built off of the Core Services described in the 2013 *Children's Disability Workgroup Final Report*. The subcommittee recommends children's mental health services be delivered using system of care principles and provided using evidenced based practices whenever possible.

<u>System of Care</u> is defined as a child and family-driven, cross-system spectrum of effective, community-based services, supports, policies, and process for children birth to young adulthood, with or at risk for physical, emotional, intellectual, behavioral, developmental, and social challenges and their families that is organized into a flexible and coordinated network of resources, builds meaningful partnerships with families, children and young adults, and addresses their cultural and linguistic needs, in order for them to optimally live, learn, work, and recreate in their communities and throughout life.

<u>Evidence based practices</u> (EBP) are practices that have consistent scientific evidence showing they improve individual outcomes. EBPs have the following characteristics:

- Transparency: Both the criteria and the process of review are subject to peer-review.
- Research: Accumulated scientific evidence based on randomized controlled trials.
- Standardization: The practice's essential elements are clearly defined.
- Replication: More than one study and group of researchers have found positive effects.
- Meaningful Outcomes: Consumers are shown to achieve meaningful outcomes.

The following is a list of the services identified by the subcommittee using the categories of services and many of the specific types of services from the November 15, 2013 Children's Disability Workgroup Report. More expansive definitions of some of these services are included in Appendix XX of this report.

# CATEGORY 1: PREVENTION, EARLY IDENTIFICATION, AND EARLY INTERVENTION

#### Behavioral health and substance use education

A statewide program that provides education regarding the signs, symptoms, and effective responses for behaviorally health and substance use disorder conditions in children and is intended to reduce stigma. Specifically designed education is provided to the following groups:

- Youth, especially youth with a severe emotional disturbance (SED)
- Parents and family
- Educators
- Other child care providers
- The community at large

### Primary care screening for mental health and substance use disorder

- Training for primary care physicians regarding the signs, symptoms, and effective responses for behavioral health or substance use disorder conditions in children.
- Using a standard screening tool recommended to be used by primary care physicians in all well child visits.
- Adopt the principles of screening, brief Intervention, and referral to treatment as a statewide model of early intervention.

#### CATEGORY 2: BEHAVIORAL HEALTH TREATMENT

#### Assessment and evaluation

A complete holistic health and behavioral health assessment that includes the social determinants of health done by a licensed mental health professional designed to identify issues as a basis for a treatment plan.

# Medication prescribing and management

Medication prescribing means services provided by an appropriately licensed professional including, but not limited to, determining how the medication is affecting the individual; determining any drug interactions or adverse drug effects on the individual; determining the proper dosage level; and prescribing medication for the individual for the period of time before the individual is seen again.

Medication management means services provided by a licensed professional including, but not limited to, monitoring effectiveness of and compliance with a medication regimen; coordination with care providers; investigating potentially abusive activities or misuse of medication pursuant to licensed prescriber orders.

#### Collaborative Psychiatric Consultation Service

Collaborative Psychiatric Consultation Services provides licensed prescribers access to a board certified child psychiatrist to consult with medication management and prescribing. Experts in the field will determine which medications and dose ranges would be eligible for psychiatric consultation. Calls for assistance will be triaged by a licensed mental health professional. If determined appropriate, the call will be referred to a project child psychiatrist for telephone consultation to the licensed prescriber. The service is free of charge to all callers. The service is also Medicaid reimbursable.

#### Crisis intervention and stabilization

A crisis is when a child or the child's family is lacking immediate internal and external resources that place the child at risk of maintaining a healthy and safe environment. Children's mental health crisis response services are intensive face-to-face, short-term mental health services initiated during a crisis to help the child/youth return to their baseline level of functioning. Children's crisis response services must be provided by a crisis response team outside of urgent care, inpatient or outpatient hospital settings.

Crisis response providers must be experienced in mental health assessment, crisis intervention techniques, have emergency clinical decision-making abilities and knowledge of local services and resources. Services include:

- Crisis Screening
- Crisis Assessment
- Crisis Intervention
- Crisis Stabilization

A single statewide crisis telephone line should be available.

# Individual, group, and family therapy

Individual, group and family therapy means a dynamic process in which the therapist uses professional skills, knowledge and training to enable children and their families to realize and mobilize their strengths and abilities, take charge of their lives, and resolve their issues and problems. Therapy services may be provided to individuals, groups, or families. Therapy will not be unnecessarily limited by site of service and includes in-home family therapy

# **Integrated Health Home Care Coordination**

Integrated Health Home Care Coordination means activities designed to help children and their families locate, access, and coordinate a network of supports and services that will allow children to experience resilience and recovery and live a safe, healthy, successful, self-determined life in their home and community.

#### Intensive Evidenced Based Treatment

Intensive in-home services provide therapeutic interventions to children with an SED and their families that are at risk of inpatient treatment or out of home placement that is designed to prevent such placements. Intensive in-home services are designed by a team that includes the child and their family that combines individual, group and family therapy and behavioral interventions with the support of paraprofessionals.

The Youth ACT provides a menu of intensive mental health services provided in a comprehensive, coordinated team approach.

#### Residential or Inpatient Treatment

Acute inpatient psychiatric hospital treatment is defined as treatment in a hospital psychiatric unit that includes 24-hour nursing and daily active treatment under the direction of a psychiatrist and certified by The Joint Commission or the National Integrated Accreditation for Healthcare Organizations (NIAHO) as a hospital.

Psychiatric Medical Institution for Children is a non-hospital facility that provide inpatient services to individuals under 21 years of age and that is accredited by JC or any other accrediting organization with

comparable standards recognized by the State that meets the standards set by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and is licensed and certified by the state.

Subacute mental health services are short-term, intensive, recovery-oriented services designed to stabilize an individual who is experiencing a decreased level of functioning due to a mental health condition.

#### **CATEGORY 3: RECOVERY SUPPORTS**

<u>Family Support</u> provides the training and support necessary to ensure engagement and active participation of the family in the treatment planning process and with the ongoing implementation and reinforcement of skills learned throughout the treatment process.

# Youth Peer Support

Youth peer support is to assist youth experiencing an SED to learn from someone with a lived experience that recovery and resiliency is possible and to provide guidance, coaching and encouragement during the youth's recovery journey. Youth Peer Support provider is an individual in the youth's identifiable age group that has had lived experience of an SED and has been thoroughly trained as a peer support worker.

Respite Care provides temporary direct care and supervision for the child with an SED.

<u>Attendant Care</u> provides a child with an SED that would otherwise be placed in a more restrictive setting due to significant functional impairments resulting from an identified mental illness.

<u>Family Resource Home</u> provides short-term and intensive supportive out of home resources for the child with an SED and his/her family without the family needing to give up custody of their child.

# CATEGORY 4: COMMUNITY-BASED FLEXIBLE SUPPORTS

<u>Wraparound Services</u> are designed to meet the goals set by the child and family team and to provide flexible support to the child and family. The services in a wraparound plan, also known as direct support services, differ from traditional mental health services.

# APPENDIX XX EXPANDED DEFINITIONS OF SELECTED CHILDREN'S MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

# Crisis intervention and stabilization

A crisis is when a child or the child's family is lacking immediate internal and external resources that place the child at risk of maintaining a healthy and safe environment.

Children's mental health crisis response services are intensive face-to-face, short-term mental health services initiated during a crisis to help the child/youth return to their baseline level of functioning. Children's crisis response services must be provided by a crisis response team outside of urgent care, inpatient or outpatient hospital settings.

Crisis response providers must be experienced in mental health assessment, crisis intervention techniques, have emergency clinical decision-making abilities and knowledge of local services and resources.

# Crisis Screening

Prior to doing crisis assessment conduct a screening of the potential crisis situation. The screening must:

- Gather information using a standard screening guide;
- Use the screening guide to determine whether a crisis situation exists;
- Identify the parties involved; and
- Implement an appropriate response whether or not a crisis response is needed.

Crisis screening must be available 24 hours a day 7 days a week and may be done over the telephone

A single statewide crisis telephone line should be available.

#### Crisis Assessment

A standardized crisis assessment is an immediate, face-to-face evaluation by a physician, mental health professional or practitioner, to determine the recipient's presenting situation across all life domains, and identifying any immediate need for emergency services.

- Provide immediate intervention to provide relief of distress based on a determination that the child's behavior is a serious deviation from his/her baseline level of functioning;
- Evaluate in a culturally appropriate way and as time permits the child's:
  - Current life situation and sources of stress;
  - Symptoms, risk behaviors, mental health problems, and underlying co-occurring conditions;
  - Strengths and vulnerabilities;
  - Cultural considerations;
  - Support network;
  - Physical health; and

#### o Functioning.

Conduct the crisis assessment anywhere that the individual and clinician determine is safe and appropriate including, but not limited to, the recipient's home, the home of a family member, or another community location. Determine the need for crisis intervention services or referrals to other resources based on the assessment.

#### Crisis Intervention

Crisis interventions are face-to-face, short-term intensive mental health services started during a mental health crisis or emergency to help the recipient:

- Cope with immediate stressors and lessen his/her suffering;
- Identify and use available resources and recipient's strengths;
- Avoid unnecessary hospitalization and loss of independent living;
- Include a family team meeting;
- Develop action plans including providing needed short term support and/or treatment outside the family home; and
- Begin to return to his/her baseline level of functioning.

#### Crisis intervention services must be:

- Available 24 hours per day, seven days per week, 365 days per year;
- Provided on-site by a mobile team in a community setting;
- Culturally appropriate; and
- Provided promptly.

#### Crisis Stabilization

Crisis stabilization services are mental health services provided to a recipient after crisis intervention to help the recipient obtain his/her functional level as it was before the crisis. Provide stabilization services in the community, based on the crisis assessment and crisis plan.

Consider the need for further assessment and referrals. Update the crisis stabilization treatment plan, supportive counseling, skills training, and collaboration with other service providers in the community. A transition plan from crisis services is written and implemented that includes a warm hand-off to ongoing treatment services.

# The Youth ACT

Provides the following services in a comprehensive, coordinated team approach:

- Individual, family, and group psychotherapy
- Individual, family, and group skills training
- Crisis assistance
- Medication management
- Mental health case management
- Medication education

- Care coordination with other care providers
- Psycho-education to, and consultation and coordination with, the recipient's support network (with or without recipient present)
- Clinical consultation to the recipient's employer or school
- Coordination with, or performance of, crisis intervention and stabilization services
- Assessment of recipient's treatment progress and effectiveness of services using outcome measurements
- Transition services
- Integrated dual disorders treatment
- Housing access support

Recipients and/or family members must receive at least three face-to-face contacts per week.

<u>Family Support</u> provides the training and support necessary to ensure engagement and active participation of the family in the treatment planning process and with the ongoing implementation and reinforcement of skills learned throughout the treatment process. Training is provided to family members to increase their ability to provide a safe and supportive environment in the home and community for a child with an SED. For the purposes of this service, "family" is defined as the persons who live with or provide care to a child with an SED, and may include a parent, spouse, children, relatives, grandparents, or foster parents. Services may be provided individually or in a group setting. Services must be recommended by a treatment team, are subject to prior approval, and must be intended to achieve the goals or objectives identified in the child's individualized plan of care.

## This involves:

- Assisting the family in the acquisition of knowledge and skills necessary to understand and address
- The specific needs of the consumer in relation to their mental illness and treatment; development and enhancement of the families specific problem-solving skills, coping mechanisms, and strategies for the consumer's symptom/behavior management;
- Assisting the family in understanding various requirements of the waiver process, such as the crisis plan and plan of care process;
- Training on the child's medications or diagnoses; interpreting choice offered by service
  providers; and assisting with understanding policies, procedures and regulations that impact the
  consumer with mental illness while living in the community.

Family Support is provided by a family member of a child with an SED that has successfully completed Family Support training.

<u>Respite Care</u> provides temporary direct care and supervision for the child with an SED. The primary purpose is relief to families/caregivers of the child. The service is designed to help meet the needs of the primary caregiver as well as the identified child. Normal activities of daily living are considered content of the service when providing respite care, and these include: support in the home/after school/or at

night, transportation to and from school/medical appointments/or other community based activities, and/or any combination of the above. Transportation is included as a part of this service.

Respite Care can be provided in a child's home or place of residence or provided in other community settings. Other community settings include: Licensed Family Foster Home, Licensed Group Boarding Home, Licensed Attendant Care Facility, Licensed Emergency Shelter, Out-Of-Home Crisis Stabilization House/Unit/Bed.

Attendant Care provides a child with an SED that would otherwise be placed in a more restrictive setting due to significant functional impairments resulting from an identified mental illness. This service enables the child to accomplish tasks or engage in activities that he/she would normally do him/herself if the child did not have an SED. Assistance is in the form of direct support, supervision and/or cuing so that the child performs the task by him/her self. Such assistance most often relates to performance of Activities for Daily Living and Instrumental Activities for Daily Living and includes assistance with maintaining daily routines and/or engaging in activities critical to residing in his/her home and community. The majority of these contacts must occur in customary and usual community locations where the child lives, works, attend schools, and/or socializes. Services provided at a work site must not be job tasks oriented. Services provided in an educational setting must not be educational in purpose. Services furnished to an child that is an inpatient or resident of a hospital, nursing facility, intermediate care facility for persons with an intellectual disability, or institution for mental disease are not eligible.

Services must be recommended by a treatment team, are subject to prior approval, and must be intended to achieve the goals or objectives identified in the child's individualized plan of care. Transportation is provided between the participant's place of residence and other services sites or places in the community and the cost of transportation is part of this service.

Family Resource Home provides short-term and intensive supportive out of home resources for the child with an SED and his/her family without the family needing to give up custody of their child. The intent of this service is to provide out of home support for the family in order to avoid psychiatric inpatient and institutional treatment of the child by responding to potential crisis situations through the utilization of a co-parenting approach provided in surrogate family setting. The goal will be to support the youth and family in ways that will address current acute and/or chronic mental health needs and coordinate a successful return to the family setting at the earliest possible time. During the time the professional resource family is supporting the youth, there is regular contact with the family to prepare for the child's return and his/her ongoing needs as part of the family. It is expected that the child, family and the professional resource family are integral members of the child's individual treatment team.

Transportation is provided between the child's place of residence and other services sites or places in the community and the cost of transportation is part of this service.

<u>Wraparound</u> Services are designed to meet the goals set by the child and family team and to provide flexible support to the child and family. The services in a wraparound plan, also known as direct support services, differ from traditional mental health services because they:

- Are primarily provided in the homes of families and in settings in the community rather than in an office setting;
- Are available when families need them, including after-school, in the evenings or on the weekends instead of only during office hours;
- Emphasize treatment through participation in purposeful activities, giving children the opportunity to practice life skills and make positive choices through involvement in community activities, instead of focusing on treatment through talking about problems; and
- Are built around engaging the child and family in activities that interest them and meet their goals instead of just around a goal of stopping negative behaviors.